



State Medicaid Advisory Committee (SMAC)

Wednesday, April 13, 2016

AHCCCS

Gold Room - 3rd Floor

701 E. Jefferson Street

1 p.m. – 3 p.m.

Agenda

I. Welcome	Director Thomas Betlach
II. Introductions of Members	ALL
III. Approval of February 3, 2016 meeting summary	ALL

Agency Updates

IV. AHCCCS Update	Director Thomas Betlach
V. The Next Step Peer Mentoring and More Presentation	Nic Danger President, The Next Step Peer Mentoring and More
VI. Legislative Update	Christopher Vinyard Chief Legislative Liaison
VII. Delivery System Reform Incentive Payments	Beth Kohler Deputy Director
VIII. Arnold vs. Sarn	Paul Galdys Assistant Director

Discussion

IX. Call to the Public	Director Thomas Betlach
X. Adjourn at 3:00 p.m.	ALL

*2016 SMAC Meetings

Per SMAC Bylaws, meetings are to be held the 2nd Wednesday of January, April, July and October. All meetings will be held from 1 p.m.- 3 p.m. unless otherwise announced at the AHCCCS Administration 701 E. Jefferson, Phoenix, AZ 85034, 3rd Floor in the Gold Room:

~~January 13, 2016~~ – Rescheduled to February 3, 2016

April 13, 2016

~~July 13, 2016~~ – Rescheduled to August 17, 2016

October 12, 2016

For more information or assistance, please contact Yisel Sanchez at (602) 364-4577 or yisel.sanchez@azahcccs.gov

February 2016 Meeting Summary

State Medicaid Advisory Committee (SMAC) Meeting Summary
Wednesday, February 3, 2015, AHCCCS, 701 E. Jefferson, Gold Room
1:00 p.m. – 3:00 p.m.

Members in attendance: Tom Betlach Kathy Waite Tara McCollum Plese Kevin Earle Gina Judy Frank Scarpati Nic Danger Kathleen Collins Pagels	Timothy Leffler Joyce Millard Hoie Daniel Haley Leonard Kirschner Steve Jennings Vernice Sampson Kim VanPelt Amanda Aguirre Barbara Fanning Phil Pangrazio via Phone
Members Absent: Cara Christ, Peggy Stemmler	
Staff and public in attendance: Theresa Gonzales, Exe Const. III, AHCCCS Monica Coury, Assistant Director, AHCCCS Sara Salek, Chief Medical Officer, AHCCCS Beth Kohler, Deputy Director, AHCCCS Paul Galdys, Assistant Director, DBHS John Hogeboom, COO, CBI Mark Schwartz, Director, GSK	Gregg Peterson, Director GSK Yisel Sanchez, HRC Coordinator, DBHS Jennifer Carusetta, Exec Dir, Health System Alliance of AZ Shirley Gunther, V.P. Ex Affairs, Dignity Health Matt Jewett, Assoc. Dir of Grants, MPHCC Judith Walker, Ombudsman/Member Advocate, UHC John Logan, NAE, PCY James K., NAU, Gilead

AGENDA

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| I. Welcome & Introductions | Tom Betlach |
| II. Introductions of Members | All |
| III. Approval of October 7, 2015 Meeting Summary/Minutes | Unanimous |

AGENCY UPDATES

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| IV. AHCCCS Updates | Tom Betlach |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Medicaid 50th Anniversary • Eligibility and Payment Error Rate • Kaiser Medicaid Survey • Percent of Auto-Renewals • FY 2017 Budget • 10 Biggest HIPAA Breaches • CBO Federal Spending Estimates • Average Annual Capitation Growth • Overdose Death Rates in America | |

AHCCCS Updates (continued)

- Prevalence of Obesity in the U.S. on the Rise over the Past Two Decades
- Occupational Activity is also Declining
- Medicaid Director Tenure
- Average Medicaid Director Tenure
- Delivery System Initiatives
- Delivery System Reforms
- 2015 Accomplishments
- 2016 Opportunities
- Being Mortal – Atul Gawande

V. Introduction of New Division of Health Care Advocacy & Advancement Paul Galdys

- DHCAA
- AHCCCS/DBHS Transition Org Chart
- The Office of Individual and Family Affairs (OIFA)
- The Office of Human Rights (OHR)
- Human Rights Committees Liaison (HRC)
- The State Medicaid Advisory Committee (SMAC)
- Arizona Long Term Care System Advisory Committee (ALTCS)
- Behavioral Health Planning Council

VI. Introduction of New Member Organization

Dr. Frank Scarpati

- Community Bridges, Inc.
 - Mission
 - Purpose
- Board of Directors
- Advisory of Board of Directors
- About CBI
 - The Beginning
 - CBI Today
- CBI System of Care
- Crisis/Psych/Detox Facilities
- Community Psychiatric Emergency Center (CPEC)
- Peer Navigators
- Homeless Services
- Veteran Support Services
- Community-Based Outreach Teams
- Center for Hope
- Northern Arizona
- Southern Arizona
- Opioid Treatment
- Unscript

VII. Autism Spectrum Disorder Report and Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee Update

Dr. Sara Salek

- AHCCCS CMO Update
- AHCCCS P&T Committee
- P&T Committee
- AHCCCS Drug List
- Current AZ Supplemental Rebate Classes
- Future Supplemental Rebate Classes
- ASD Advisory Committee
- ASD Advisory Committee: Charge
- Two-pronged approach
 - Short-term: Policy Level Changes
 - Long-term: System Level Changes
- Short-Term Solutions
- Long-Term Solutions
- System Design

VIII. System Integration 2.0

Monica Coury

IX. Delivery System Reform Incentive Payment

Beth Kohler

- Arizona SIM Vision
- SIM/DSRIP Strategies
- Dec. 8 Provider & Health Plan Stakeholder Meeting
- Key Questions
- Role of MCO in Other States
- Arizona Role of MCO
- DSRIP Timeline
- Next Steps

X. Call to the Public

Tom Betlach

XI. Adjourn at 3:00 p.m.

AHCCCS Update

**The Next Step Peer Mentoring and
More Presentation
(no handouts)**

Legislative Update

AHCCCS Legislative Tracking



HB 2309	children's health insurance program (Rep. Cobb)
Disposition	Failed to pass out of Senate
Summary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Restores the CHIP (KidsCare) program.• Requires AHCCCS to submit to CMS a SPA within 5 days of enactment to resume enrollment in the program.• Conditionally enacted on CMS approving the plan amendment to resume enrollment by July 1, 2017.

HB 2357	AHCCCS; podiatry services (Rep. Carter)
Disposition	Failed to pass out of Senate
Summary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Podiatry services performed by a podiatrist are no longer excluded from AHCCCS coverage for persons who are at least 21 years of age.• General Fund cost: \$214,200

HB 2442	behavioral health; urgent need; children (Rep. E Farnsworth)
Disposition	Enacted; Chapter 71
Summary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The out-of-home-placement shall receive immediately on placement of the child from the Department of Child Safety (DCS) an updated complete placement packet that includes:<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The child's RBHA designated point of contact;▪ AHCCCS customer service line;▪ A list of AHCCCS registered providers; and▪ Information regarding the out-of-home placement's rights• If it is determined the foster or adoptive child is in need of behavioral health services, and the child is eligible for either Title XIX or Title XXI services, the out-of-home placement or adoptive parent may directly contact the RBHA for a screening and evaluation. The process includes the following:<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The RBHA shall dispatch an assessment team within seventy-two hours after being notified that the child has entered care in an out-of-home placement, or within two hours after being notified that the child has an urgent need;▪ The RBHA shall provide an initial evaluation of the child within seven calendar days after referral or request for services; and▪ If after the screening and evaluation it is determined that the child is in need of behavioral health services, the RBHA shall provide an initial appointment for the child within twenty-one calendar days.• On completion of the initial evaluation, the out-of-home placement or adoptive parents:<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Shall call the RBHA designated point of contact and the AHCCCS customer service line if services are not received within twenty-one days to document the failure to receive services.▪ May access services directly from any AHCCCS registered provider regardless of whether the provider is contracted with the RBHA and the provider must submit claims to the RBHA and

accept the lesser of one hundred thirty percent of the AHCCCS fee schedule.

- If a request is made by the out-of-home placement or the adoptive parent for the child to be admitted to a residential treatment facility because the child is displaying threatening behavior, the RBHA shall respond within seventy-two hours after the request was made.
 - If the child was hospitalized due to threatening behavior before the RBHA responds, the RBHA shall reimburse the hospital for all medically necessary care, including any days of the hospital stay during which the child does not meet criteria for an inpatient stay but is not discharged because the RBHA has not authorized a safe and appropriate placement.
 - If the foster child moves into a different county because of the location of the child's out-of-home placement, the child's out-of-home placement may choose to have the child continue any current treatment in the previous county, or seek any new or additional treatment for the child in the out-of-home placement's county of residence.
 - AHCCCS shall track and report the following:
 - The number of times the RBHA coordinated crisis services because a crisis services provider was unresponsive;
 - The number of times services were not provided within the twenty-one day timeframe;
 - The amount of services accessed directly by an out-of-home placement or adoptive parents that were provided by non-contracted providers;
 - The list of providers that were formerly contracted with the RBHA but that terminated the contract and provided services pursuant to this section for one hundred thirty percent of the AHCCCS fee schedule; and
 - The amount AHCCCS spent on services pursuant to the bill.
 - On or before July 1, 2017, AHCCCS shall complete a network adequacy study for behavioral health service providers that provide behavioral health services to children enrolled in the CMDP program.
-

SB 1283	controlled substances prescription monitoring program (Sen. Kavanagh)
Disposition	Ready for Senate action on House amendments
Summary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Beginning October 1, 2017, or 60 days after the statewide health information exchange has integrated the Controlled Substances Prescription Monitoring Program data in the exchange, a medical practitioner before prescribing an opioid analgesic or benzodiazepine controlled substance listed in schedule II, III or IV for a patient is required to do the following:<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Obtain a patient utilization report regarding the patient for the preceding 12 months from the program's central database tracking system at the beginning of each new course of treatment; and▪ Reference the database at least quarterly while that prescription

remains a part of the treatment.

- Exceptions to the requirements include:
 - A patient receiving hospice care or palliative care for a serious or chronic illness;
 - A patient receiving care for cancer, a cancer-related illness or condition or dialysis treatment;
 - A medical practitioner will administer the controlled substance;
 - A patient is receiving the controlled substance during the course of inpatient or residential treatment in a hospital, nursing care facility, assisted living facility, correctional facility or mental health facility;
 - A medical practitioner is prescribing the controlled substance to the patient for no more than a ten-day period for an invasive medical or dental procedure or a medical or dental procedure that results in acute pain to the patient;
 - A medical practitioner is prescribing no more than a five-day prescription and has reviewed the program’s central database tracking system for that patient within the last thirty days, and the system shows that no other prescriber has prescribed a controlled substance in the preceding thirty-day period; and
 - A medical practitioner that uses electronic medical records that integrate data from the controlled substances prescription monitoring program.

<p>SB 1305 Disposition Summary</p>	<p>AHCCCS; covered services (Sen. Barto) Failed to pass out of House</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The list of medically necessary health and medical services covered by AHCCCS is expanded to include occupational therapy in an outpatient setting. • General Fund cost: \$113,300 - \$271,900.
<p>SB 1442 Disposition Summary</p>	<p>mental health services; information disclosure (Sen. Barto) House COW Approved – 3/29/16</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requirements for a health care provider or entity to disclose confidential health care records are modified to allow the disclosure to relatives, close personal friends or any other person identified by the patient as otherwise authorized or required by state or federal law.
<p>SB 1507 Disposition Summary</p>	<p>ALTCS; dental services (Sen. Begay) Failed to pass out of House</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The list of services that are required to be provided by Arizona Long-Term Care System (ALTCS) program contractors to ALTCS (DD/EPD) members is expanded to include dental services in an annual amount of not more than \$1,000 per member. • General Fund cost: \$1,359,000 (EPD) & \$1,233,400 (DD)

AHCCCS Legislative Tracking



-
- Consistent with Executive's FY 2017 Budget Recommendation
-

SCR 1005	Rights of caregivers; recognition (Sen. Barto)
Disposition	Transmitted to Secretary of State – 3/10/16
Summary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The members of the Legislature recognize a list of specified rights that family members, caregivers and guardians of individuals with serious mental illness have.

Delivery System Reform Incentive Payments



DSRIP Update



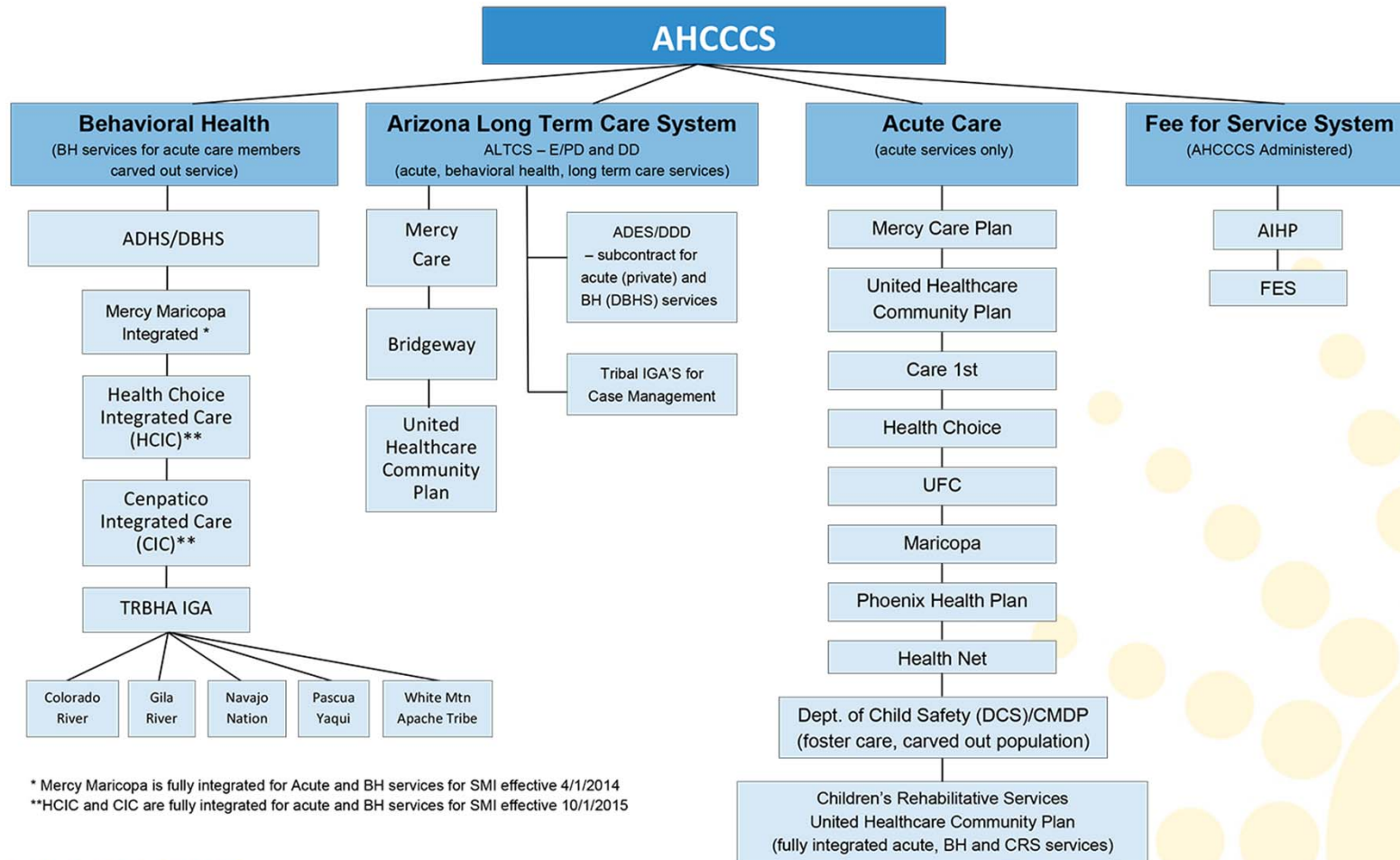
Arizona State Innovation Model Vision

Accelerate the delivery system's evolution towards a value-based, integrated model that focuses on whole person health in all settings regardless of coverage source.

SIM Sustainability - DSRIP Projects

1. American Indian Care Management Collaborative
2. Physical Health - Behavioral Health Integration
 - a. Adults
 - b. Children
3. Justice System Transitions

AHCCCS Delivery System



* Mercy Maricopa is fully integrated for Acute and BH services for SMI effective 4/1/2014
 **HCIC and CIC are fully integrated for acute and BH services for SMI effective 10/1/2015

AHCCCS Delivery System

Regional Behavioral Health Authorities	Acute Care Plans
Individuals with Serious Mental Illness – Integrated	Dual eligible members not in ALTCS – Integrated
Non-SMI, non-dual adults – behavioral health services	Most adults – physical health services
Children – behavioral health services	Children – physical health services
Provides crisis services, housing and employment and distributes SAMHSA funds	Single integrated plan for 17,000 children with special needs

Integration Efforts

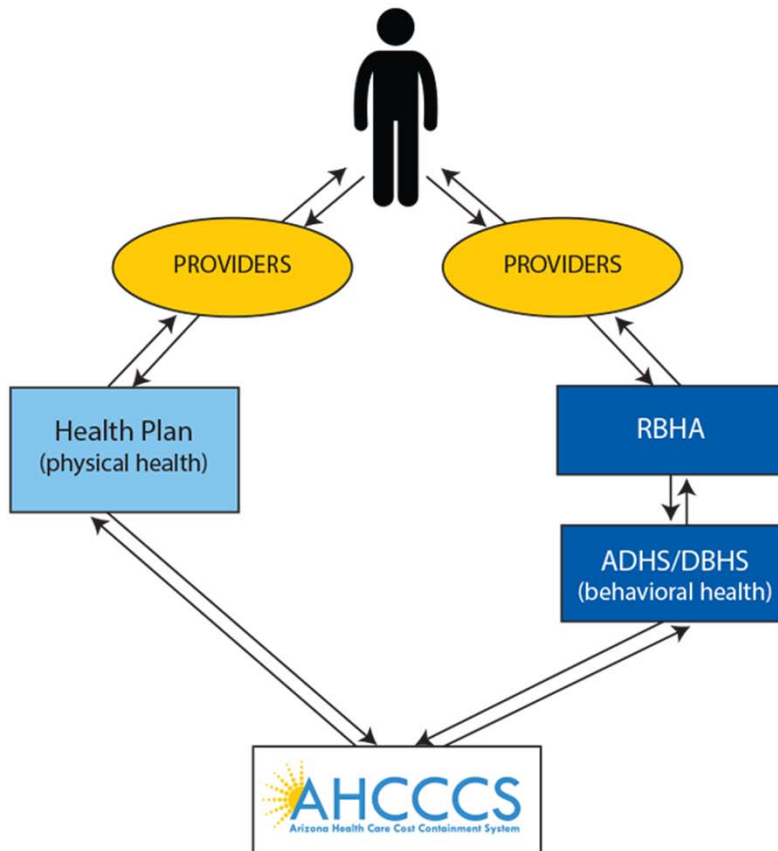
1. Ongoing – Duals – >40% alignment DSNP
2. 2013 – 17,000 kids with special needs
3. 2014 – 20,000 Individuals with SMI – Maricopa
4. 2015 – 19,000 Individuals with SMI – Greater AZ
5. 2015 – 80,000 dual eligible members – Integrate BH
6. 2016 – Administrative Merger
7. Future Possibilities
 1. 2017 – 29,000 members with DD – BH & PH
 2. 2018 – 34,000 Children with Autism or at risk
 3. 2018 or future date – Non-SMI adults – BH

GAO - Conditions of Members (%)

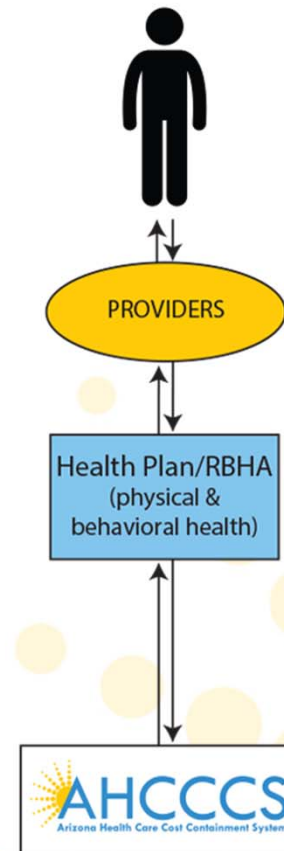
Condition	Asthma	Diabetes	HIV/AIDS	MH	SUD	Delivery	LTC	None
Asthma		24.5	3.9	65.1	29.1	6.5	7.3	17
Diabetes	18.5		2.6	52.4	23.9	3.1	12.7	29.7
HIV/AIDS	17.9	15.6		48.1	39.4	2.1	7.2	29
MH	17.6	18.7	2.8		26.7	4.0	11.9	42.9
SUD	20.8	22.6	6.0	70.8		4.5	10.2	15.6
Delivery	9.3	5.9	0.7	21.3	9.0		0.5	66
LTC	12.5	28.6	2.8	74.7	24.4	0.6		14.1

Vision - Integration at all 3 Levels

CURRENT CONFIGURATION



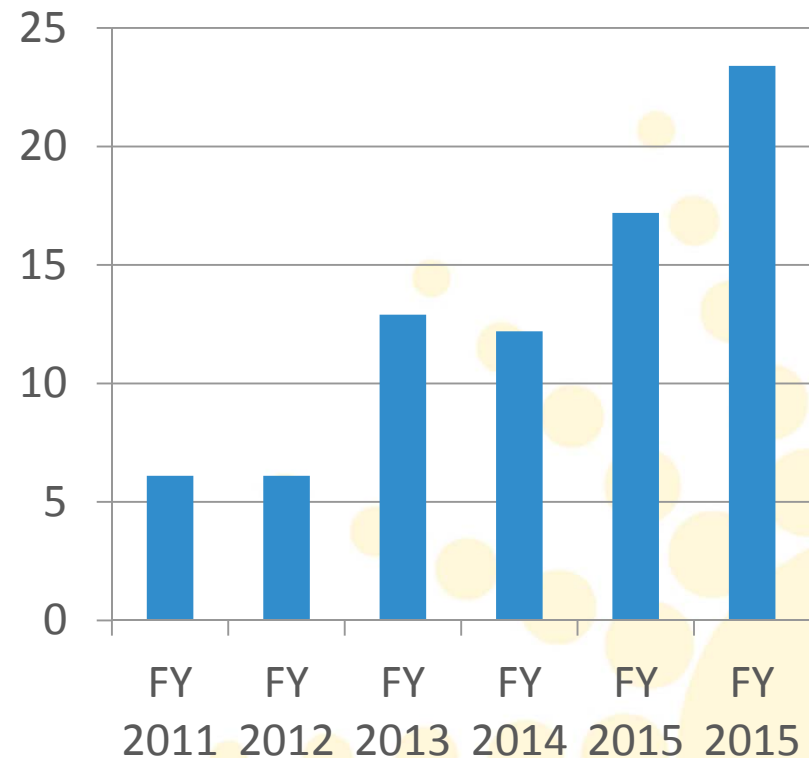
STREAMLINED CONFIGURATION



Social/Economic Determinant Efforts

- Multiple Plans have partnered to create and support community social service centers
- MCO pilot to invest in low-income housing subsidy
- AHCCCS has dedicated staff resources focused on housing – employment – peer services
- State only investments made through RBHAs

State Housing Funding for Individuals with SMI



Value Based Purchasing and Alternative Payment Models - Efforts to Date

1. AHCCCS role – establish broad goals for system
2. Select specific VBP methodologies – Hospitals (HIE and MU2), SNFs, Integrated Providers
3. Goals and progress is incremental
4. System Design Matters - True VBP requires integration to align incentives
5. Pursuing VBP requires resources and leadership
6. Creating a culture of learning
7. Requires improved access to actionable data
8. Defining measures is challenging

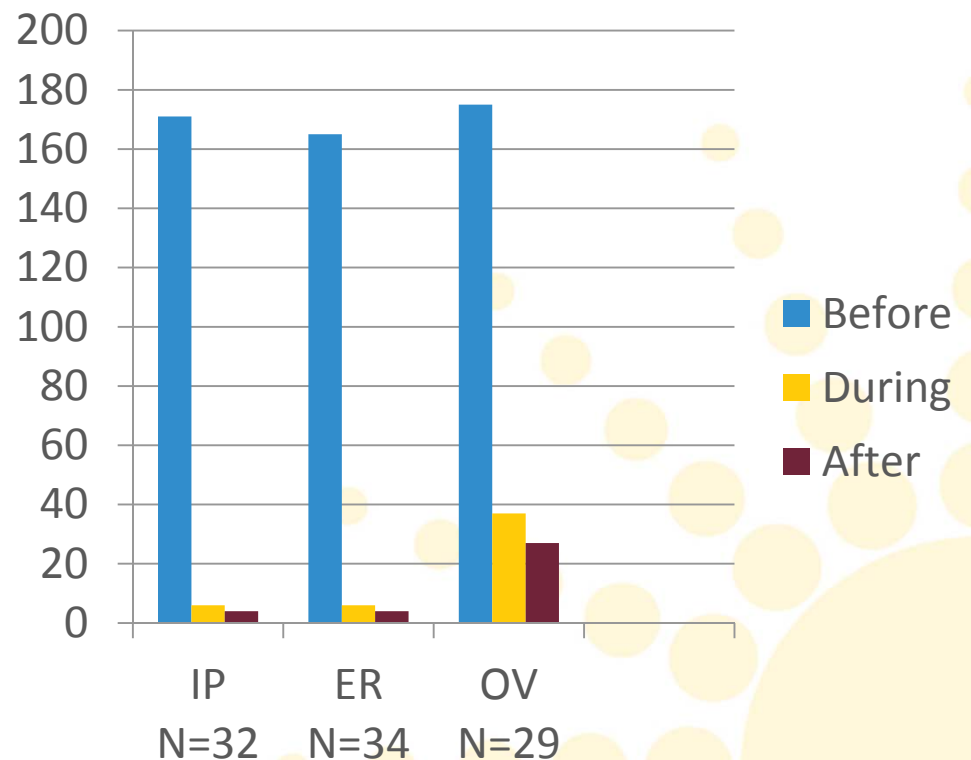
Value Based Purchasing Goals

Program	CYE 15	CYE 16	CYE 17	CYE 18	CYE 19
Acute	10%	20%	35%	50%	50%
ALTCS EPD	5%	15%	25%	35%	50%
RBHA		5%	15%	25%	35%

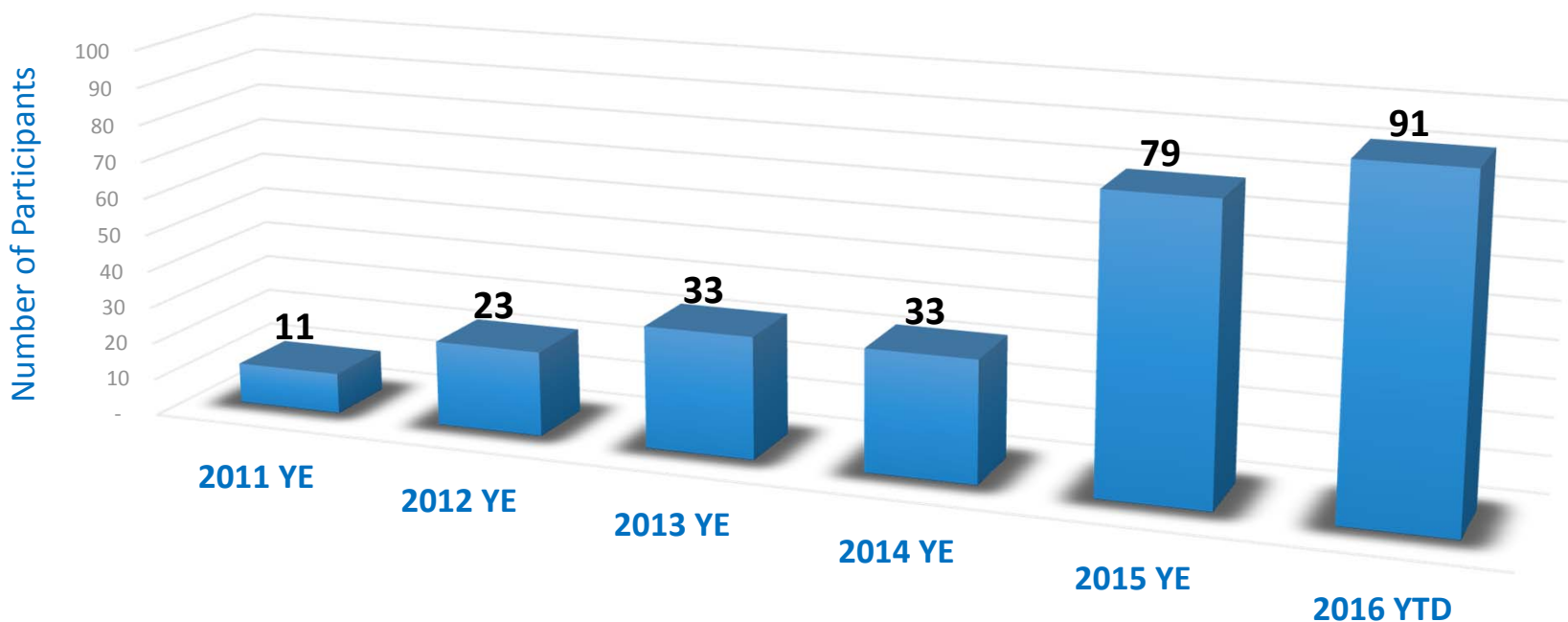
Alternative Payment Models

- Plans have established total cost of care models
- Plans have created centers of excellence around joint replacement and pain management
- Plans have created Assertive Community Teams incentives for healthcare, housing and employment

Circle the City



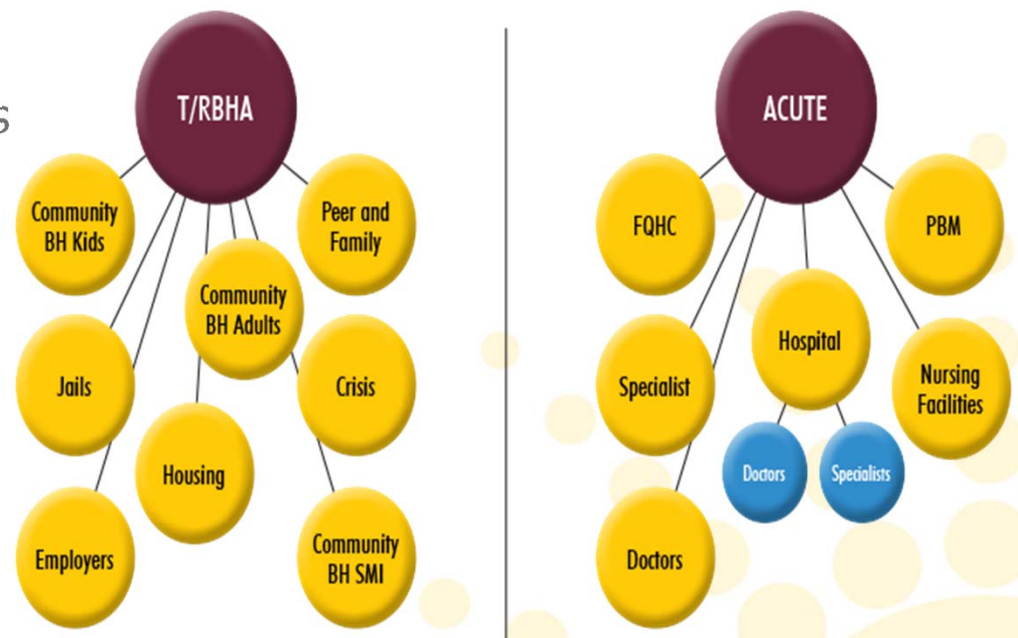
Health Information Exchange – Growth All Participants



88% of the 2015/2016 growth occurred after the implementation of the new HIE Infrastructure.

Overall Delivery System Limitations and Challenges

- Medical care providers, behavioral health care providers, and social service organizations rarely collaborate in a way that addresses complex needs of members.
- Due to fragmented funding streams, providers have little or no relationship or recognition of critical potential partners.
- Previous system design really limited ability to drive toward alternative payment models. Because of fragmentation providers do not have the network, capacity or infrastructure to manage risk.



Integration DSRIP Proposed Solution

- Providers forming a DSRIP entity must consider historical patterns of care for targeted patients and must include provider partners to address acute inpatient care needs, behavioral health care needs, including substance abuse disorders, health plans, primary and specialty care, social and community supports, as needed, and access to care.
- AHCCCS is not dictating governance structures for the participating DSRIP entities beyond a requirement that the participating providers have executed an agreement that defines how they will work together to accomplish selected projects.
- These agreements must describe, at a minimum: (i) which providers will act as 'leads' for purposes of developing applications, reporting milestones, convening meetings, and disbursing incentive payments (ii) How the entities will engage in data sharing and data analytics, including clinical and financial measures (iii) How entities will collaborate to develop shared clinical and administrative protocols (iv) How health plans and AzHeC will participate in the partnership and projects.

Adult Integration DSRIP

Focus – Establish comprehensive approach to integrate care for adult Medicaid members that require physical and behavioral health services.

Proposal – Establish 4 projects that focus on:

1. Integration of primary care and behavioral health (primary care site)
2. Integration of primary care and behavioral health (behavioral health site)
3. Integration at co-located site
4. Care coordination for adults being discharged from inpatient behavioral health stay

Children Integration DSRIP

Focus – Establish a comprehensive approach to integrate care in any setting for Medicaid members under the age of 21 with special focus on children with and at risk of autism and children engaged in child welfare system.

Proposal – Establish 4 projects that focus on:

1. Integration of primary care and behavioral health services for children and families (primary care site)
2. Improving treatment for care of children with (or at risk of) Autism Spectrum Disorders (primary care site)
3. Improving treatment of care for children engaged in child welfare system (primary care site)
4. Same as #3 but at behavioral health site

Justice System Efforts to Date

- 9,000 unique Medicaid members are incarcerated at some point monthly
- Daily match with county jails >90% population and DOC to suspend/reinstate – saved >\$30m cap
- Make incarceration data available to plans daily
- RBHAs staff established in jails; Creating reach-in requirements for other MCOs
- Partnering with DOC/Jails resulted in 1,500 pre-release apps processed
- 1,100 transitions included select care coordination efforts through manual process

Current System Limitations and Challenges

- 50% of population entering Pima County jail are AHCCCS enrolled; another 30% enrolled in past 2 years
- Opportunities:
 - Ability to scale efforts
 - Data flow between justice system partners and delivery system
 - To be more strategic in delivering services: right service, right place, right time
 - To ensure greater continuity to address behavioral health needs of population
 - To continue to improve partnership with Justice System

Justice DSRIP Proposed Solution

Objective: RBHAs organize DSRIP entity to develop an integrated health care setting within the probation and parole offices and improve overall coordination:

- (i) coordinate eligibility and enrollment activities to maximize access to services,
- (ii) assist with health care system navigation,
- (iii) perform health care screenings,
- (iv) provide physical and behavioral health care services with co-located facility
- (v) provide care coordination services to assist the individual in scheduling initial and follow-up appointments with necessary providers within or outside of the integrated setting,
- (vi) assist individuals with coordinating/arranging continuing care within the health plan
- (vii) leverage peer support services
- (viii) establish capacity to share data between systems

American Indian Efforts to Date

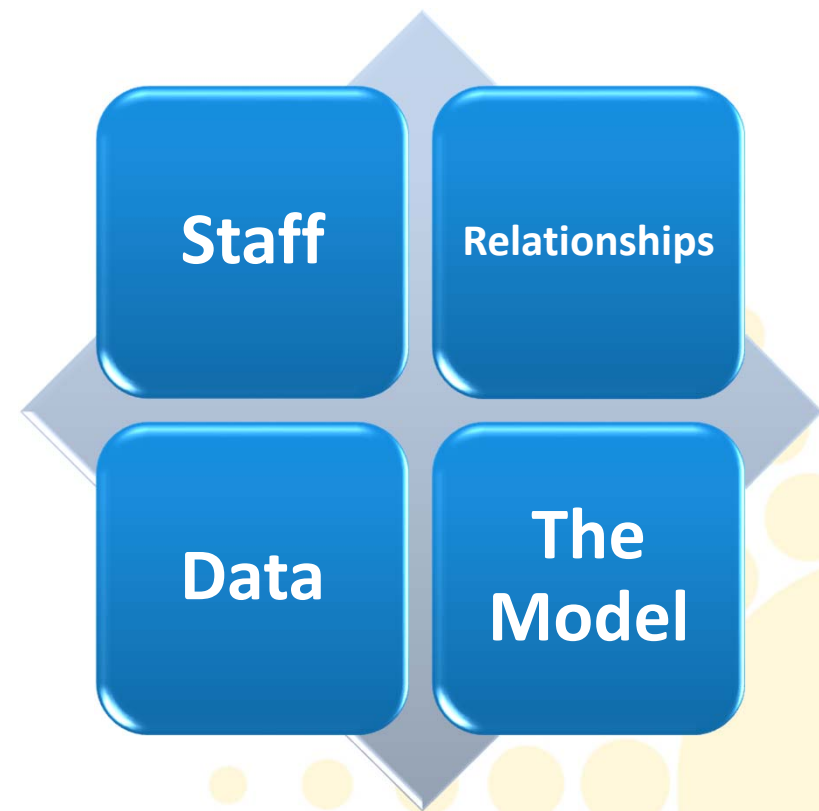
Staff – added new resources including BH manager and physician

Relationships – traveled statewide to visit Tribal providers and stakeholders

Data – Sharing data with 14 different organizations on member utilization

Model – Have 130 members in active care management with providers

Care Management Model



Current System Limitations and Challenges

- Scale of fragmentation is significant given broad network American Indians may access for services and geography of Arizona – 3 counties = 2 MA and 1 Maryland
- Resource limitations of Indian Health Provider Organizations to share or receive actionable data
- Limited resources within AHCCCS to create more scale around care management platform
- Historical limitations of Medicaid and other payers to cover costs of care management infrastructure.
- Significant healthcare disparities of American Indian population

American Indian DSRIP Proposed Solution – Care Management Collaborative

Project 1. CMC Formation, Governance, and Management

Project 2. Care Management and Care Coordination. Develop a care management and coordination system that will support the care delivered to American Indian populations enrolled in AHCCCS.

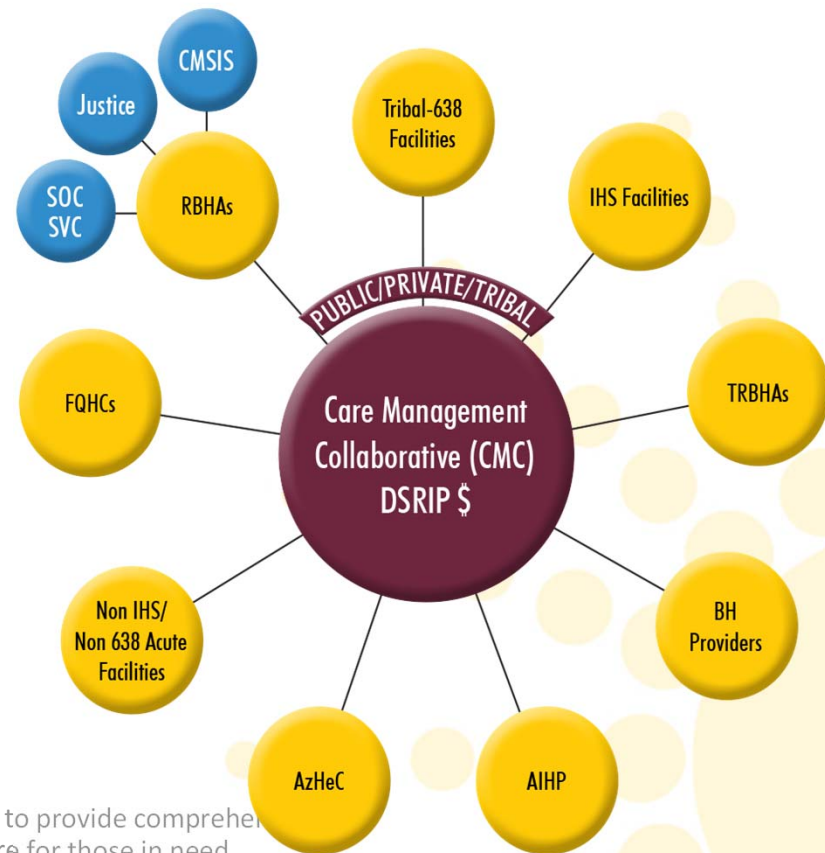
Project 3. Care Management Data Infrastructure. Develop a data infrastructure that can support data analytics for both clinical data and claims data for participating providers through the CMC.

Compliments Medical Home Waiver

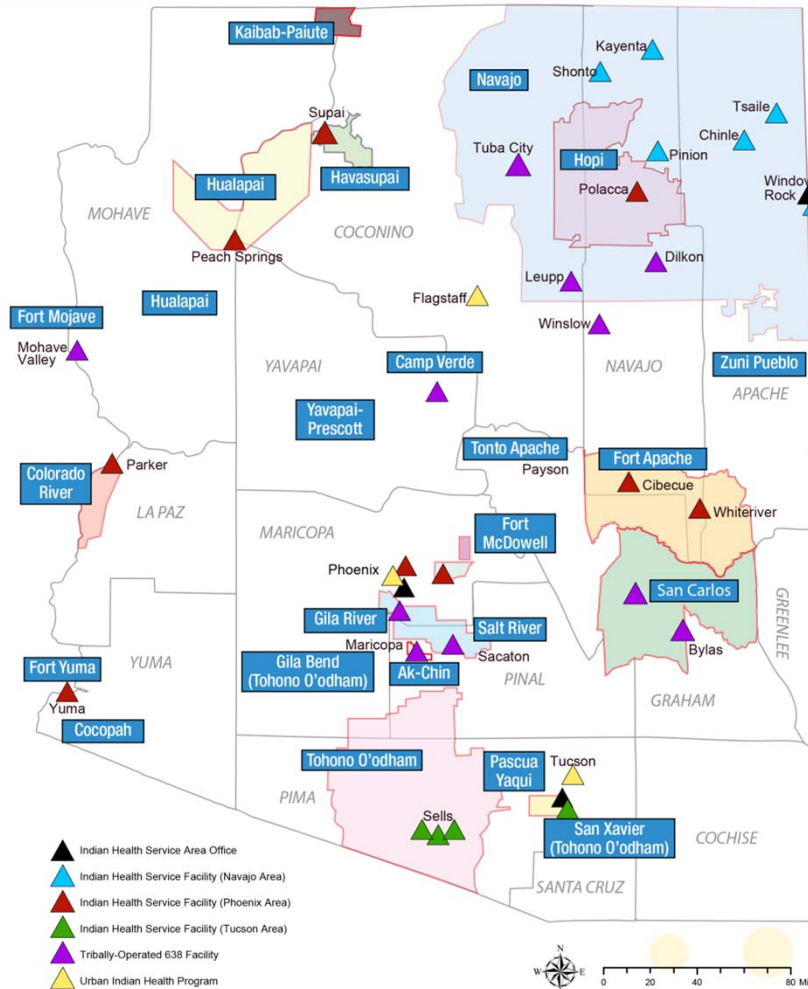


Reaching across Arizona to provide comprehensive quality health care for those in need

Care Management Collaborative Framework



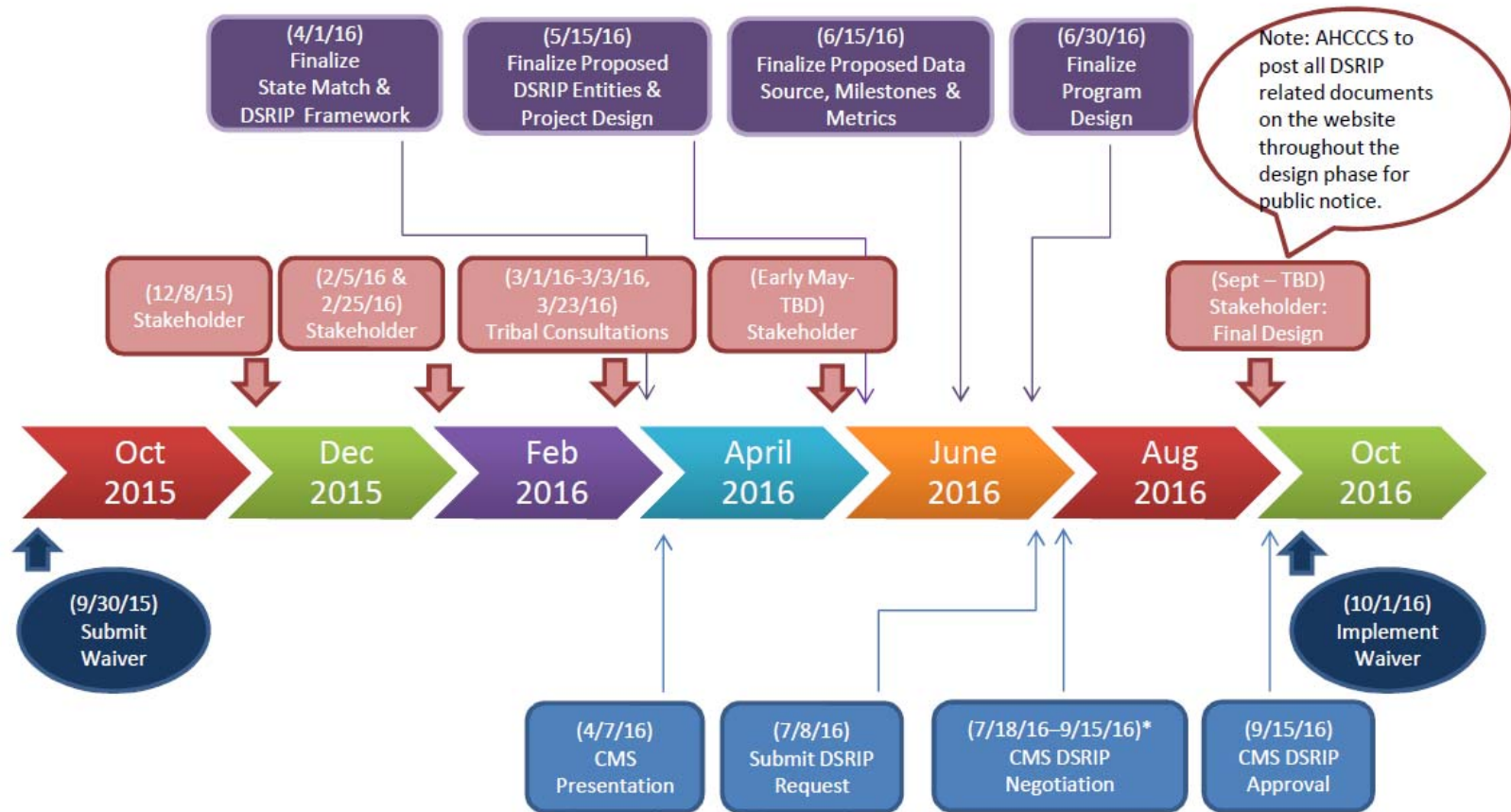
American Indian Reservations and ITU Health Facilities



Role of Managed Care Organizations

- Arizona has extensive history in leveraging managed care for all populations
- DSRIP compliments Arizona's efforts to integrate at payer and provider level.
- DSRIP looks to build on Value Based Payment efforts by requiring MCOs and providers to continue increased APM
- DSRIP leverages important roles for MCOs in justice system initiative by having RBHAs partner with other MCOs and justice system to establish DSRIP entities
- DSRIP leverages MCO structure by requiring DSRIP entities pursuing integrated projects to have formal MCO commitment and role

DSRIP Timeline



*Need to coordinate with the 1115 waiver negotiation.

Arnold vs. Sarn



Arnold v Sarn (ADHS)

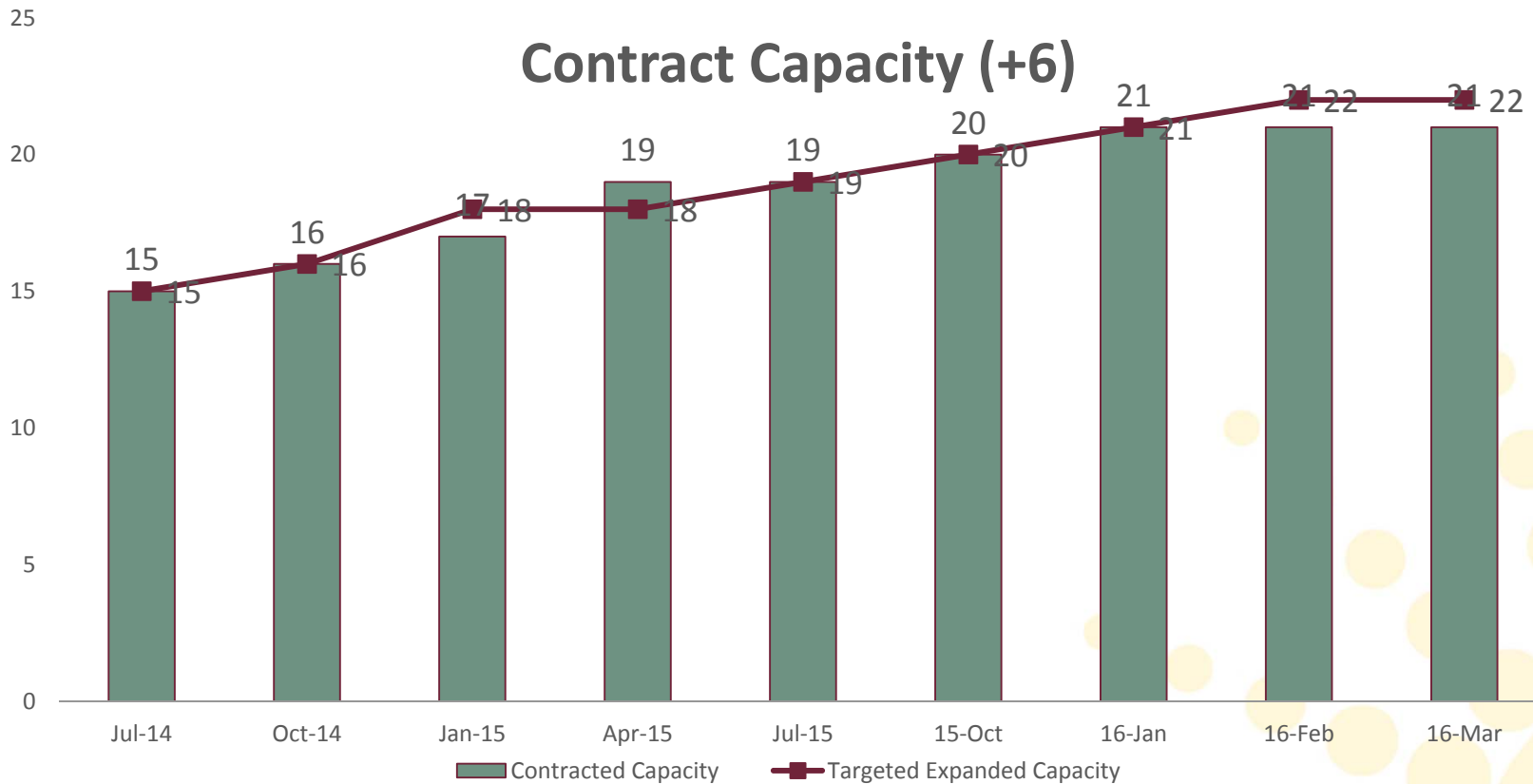
Paul Galdys, Assistant Director DHCAA



Brief History

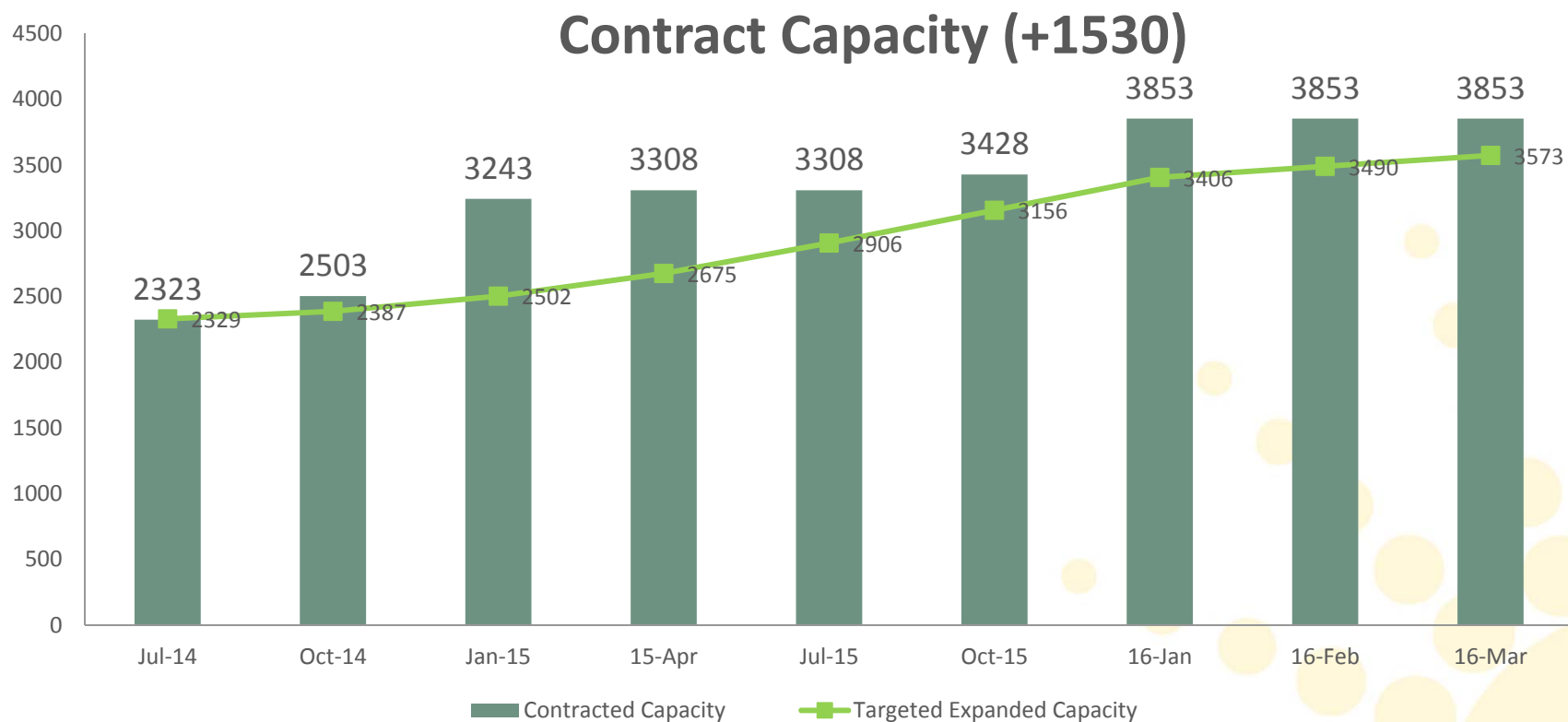
- 1981- Class action lawsuit filed against ADHS and Maricopa County
 - Alleged lack of comprehensive community mental health system as required by statute
- 1986- Trial court entered judgment
- 1989- Affirmed by Supreme Court
- 2014- Stipulation to End Litigation

Assertive Community Treatment



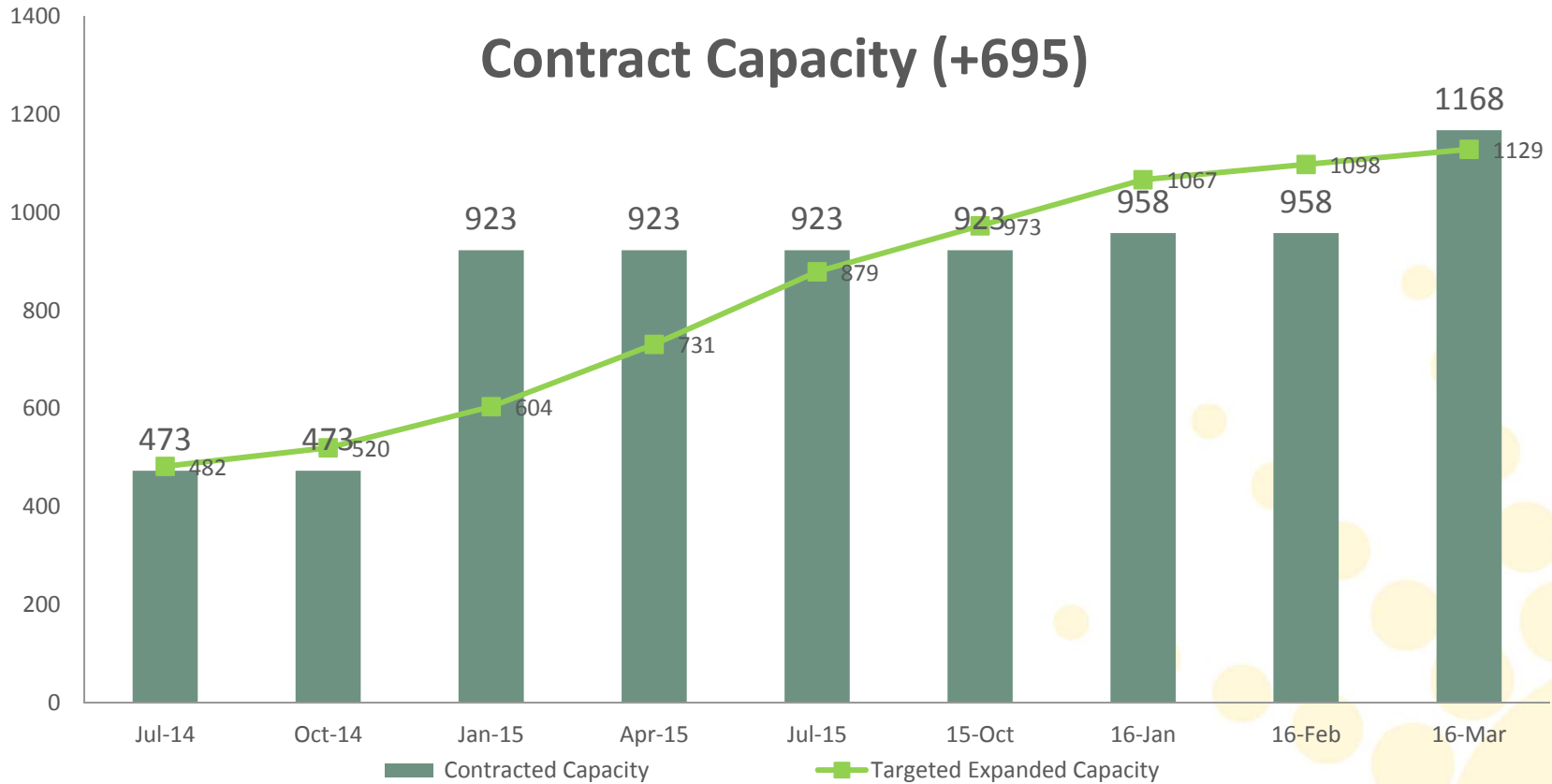
Arnold requirement is to develop 8 additional ACT teams, some of which may be specialized teams, for a total of 23 teams during Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016.

Peer and Family Support



Arnold requirement is to develop additional service capacity for Family and Peer support services capable of serving 1500 Class Members during Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016

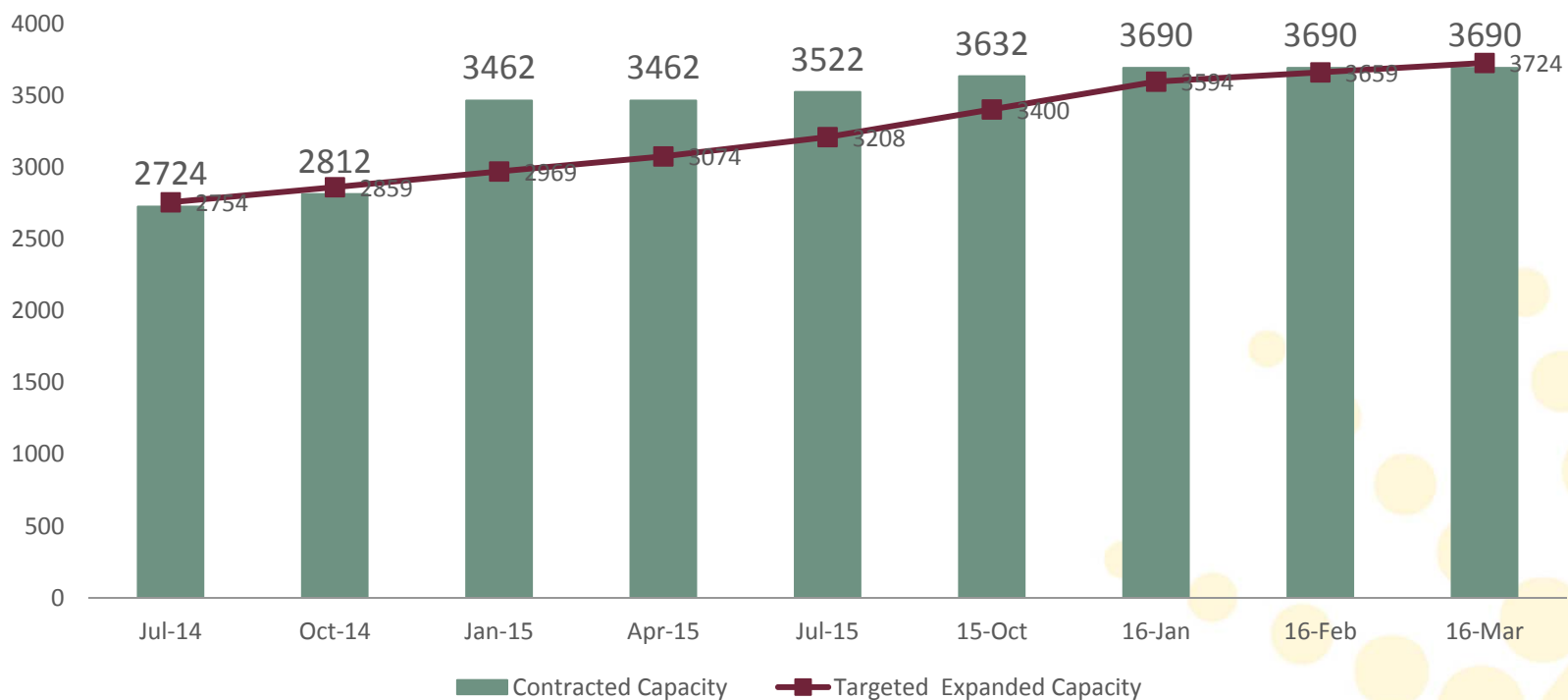
Supported Employment



Arnold requirement is to develop additional service capacity for Supported Employment services capable of serving 750 Class Members during Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016

Permanent Supportive Housing

Contract Capacity (+966)



Arnold requirement is to develop additional service capacity for Supported Housing services capable of serving 1200 Class Members during Fiscal Years 2015 and 2016.



Thank you!
